

# DATA SHEET

## Hall Effect Current Sensor



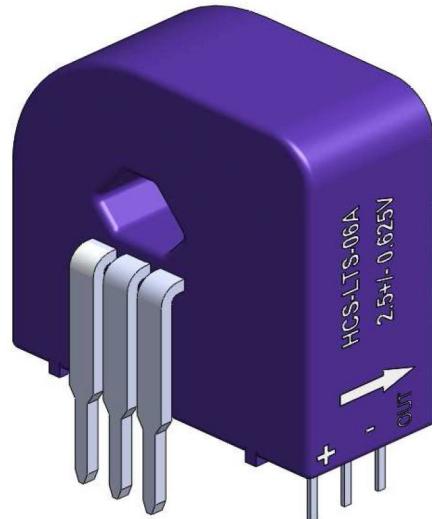
PN : HCS-LTS3

IPN = 6A - 15A- 25A - 50A

### Features

- Closed loop
- High accuracy
- Supply voltage : +3,3V DC
- Voltage output
- Through hole primary
- Can be customized

Small PCB mounting  
Very good linearity  
Low power consumption  
Good over-current capability



### Applications

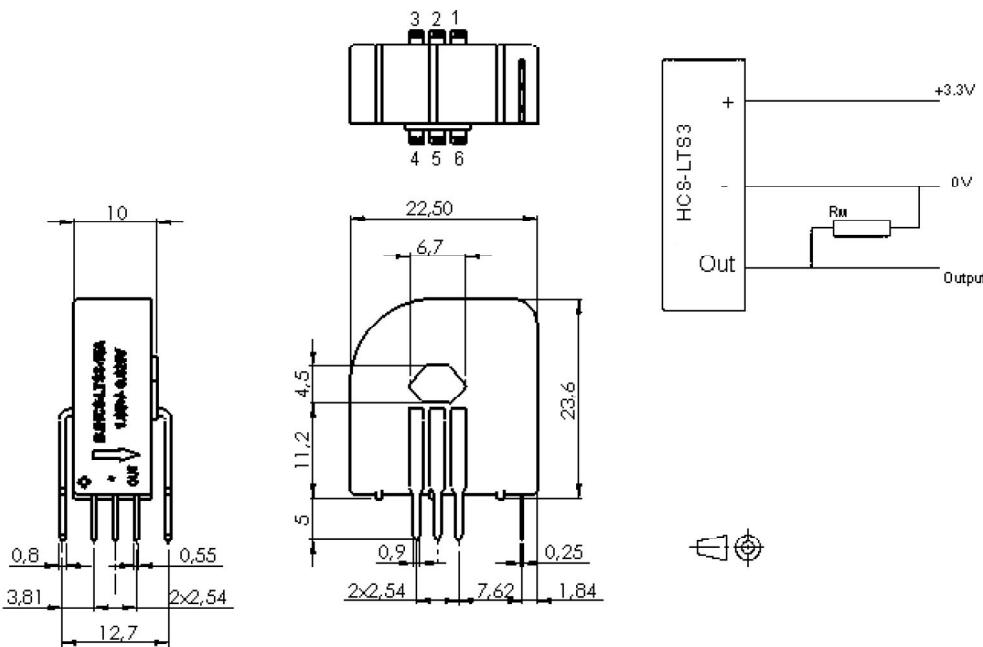
Frequency drive control home appliances  
Solar power management system  
Inverter applications  
Uninterruptible power supplies (UPS)  
Current monitoring

### ELECTRICAL DATA

HCS-LTS3...	06A	15A	25A	50A
Nominal rms current $I_{PN}$ (A)	6	15	25	50
Sensed current range $I_{PM}$ (A)	$\pm 12$	$\pm 30$	$\pm 50$	$\pm 84$
Measuring resistance $R_M$ ( $\Omega$ )	100	50	50	25
Number of secondary turns	$960 \pm 1$	$1200 \pm 1$	$2000 \pm 2$	$2000 \pm 2$
Rated output voltage $V_O$ (V)	$V_{OE} \pm 0,625 \pm 0,05\%$			
Supply voltage $V_C$ (Vdc)	$+3,3 \pm 5\%$			
Static current consumption $I_{C0}$ (mA)	10			

ACCURACY DYNAMIC PERFORMANCE			GENERAL & ISOLATION CHARACTERISTICS		
Overall accuracy $X_G$ @ $I_{PN}$ , T=25°C	$\pm 0,7$	%	Operating temperature	-40 to +85	°C
Zero offset voltage $V_{OE}$ @ $I_P=0$ , T=25°C	$2,5^{\pm 0,02}$	V	Storage temperature	-40 to +125	°C
Offset voltage drift	$\leq \pm 0,5$	mV/°C	Weight	10	g
Linearity error $\epsilon_L$	$\leq 0,1$	% FS	Insulation voltage (50Hz, 1mn)	3	KV
di/dt accurately followed	>50	A/ $\mu$ s	Creepage distance (shell)	15,4	mm
Response time $t_r$	< 1	$\mu$ s	Impulse withstand voltage (1,2/50 $\mu$ s)	> 8	KV
Bandwidth (-1db)	DC to 200	Khz			

## DIMENSIONS



## WIRING DIAGRAM

Cable hole current (N <sup>ber</sup> primary turns)	Nominal current LTS3...				Output rated (V)	Primary (mΩ)	Primary (μH)	PCB current input (Input Pin Connection)
	06A	15A	25A	50A				
1	±6	±15	±25	±50	1,65 ± 0,625	0,18	0,013	6—5—4 out in 1—2—3
2	±3	±7,5	±12,5	±25	1,65 ± 0,625	0,81	0,05	6—5—4 out in 1—2—3
3	±2	±5	±8,3	±16,6	1,65 ± 0,625	1,62	0,12	6—5—4 out in 1—2—3

### Cautions :

$I_s$  is positive when  $I_p$  flows in accordance with the arrow direction (see the side of the sensor);  
 Primary conductor temperature should not exceed 100 °C;  
 Best dynamic performances (di/dt and response time) are achieved with a single electrical conductor completely filling the through hole;  
 To achieve the best magnetic coupling, the primary winding must be wound around the top edge of the sensor.

### WARNING : Incorrect wiring may cause damage to the sensor.

#### HCS-LTS3-25A : Relation between Input Current and Output voltage :

Input current (A)	- 50	- 25	0	25	50
Output voltage (V)	0,4	1,025	1,65	2,275	2,9

